

# Simultaneous solution of

Gas ionization

- From ionization balance equations
- Chemistry
- Large network based on UMIST
- Gas kinetic temperature – Heating and cooling
- Level populations and emission
- Grain physics
- Charging, CX, photoejection, quantum heating
- The observed spectrum
  - Radiative transport

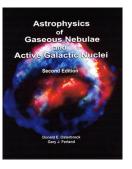
### On the web

http://cloud9.pa.uky.edu/~gary/cloudy/CloudySummerSchool

- Agenda for the workshop
   Includes copies of presentations
- Participant interests
- ftp site with documentation, and examples

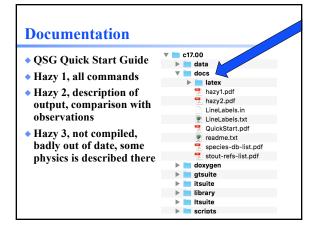
# Osterbrock & Ferland Astrophysics of Gaseous Nebulae

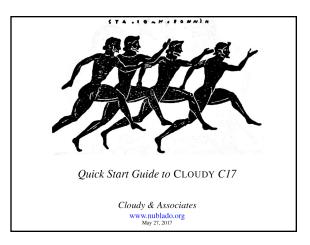
- There are three versions, this is the 3<sup>rd</sup>
   Don called this on AGN3
- Any version is OK
- PDFs of some sections are in the docs folder of the ftp site



# **Cloudy version C17**

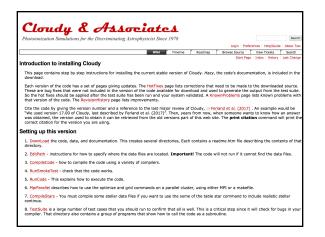
- We set this up, ran a model, and created plots, as our homework last week
- PDFs of the Quick Start Guide, and the first two volumes of Hazy, its documentation, are in the docs folder of the ftp site
- Copies of the last three major reviews of Cloudy are also in the docs folder of the ftp site

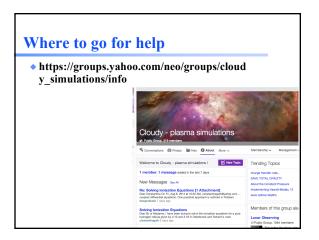




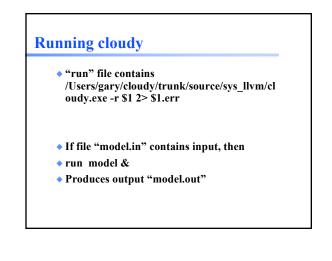
| Photoionization Simulations for the Discriminating Astrophysici   | st Since  | 1978  |  |   |   | Search                                 |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|
|   |   |   |  |   | rences Help/Guide   |  |
|   | Wiki  | Timeline  | Roadmap  | Browse Source   | View Tickets<br>Index History   | Search<br>Last Change                  |
| Velcome to the Cloudy home page!  |   |   |  | start Page  | TINER HISTORY   | case change                            |
| Cloudy is a spectral synthesis code designed to simulate conditions general use under an open source License.   | in inter  | stellar matte   | r under a bro  | ad range of conditi   | ons. It is provid   | led for                                |
| Please post question or problems on the Cloudy addiscussion board   | . Updat   | es to Cloudy  | will be annou  | nced on that board  | t.  |  |
| C17.00, is released.  This paper discusses what is new. Follow t<br>straight to the DownloadLinks page to obtain it. NewC17 explains in   |   |   |  | wnloading and inst  | talling the code  | , or go                                |
| Cloudy BWorkshops Summer 2017   |   |   |  |   |   |  |
| Queen's University Belfast: 31 July - 4 August 2017 We are p<br>School of Mathematics and Physics at Queen's University Belfast. F  |   |   |  |   |   |  |
| The Guillermo Haro advanced school on modelling the ionized u<br>Electronica, Tonantzintia, Puebla, Mexico) from July 3rd to 14th, 2d<br>approach to the modelling of ionized gas in different environments,<br>researchers, mainly PhD Students and postdocs. The first week will<br>further into the topics introduced during the first week, with lecture<br>Kentucky), Christophe Monseet (JA-UIAM), Hagal Netzer (Tel Avv<br>webbate has further details and instructions for paphying for the 2 | 017. The<br>from A<br>consist<br>es by Gla<br>Univers | school will p<br>GB stars to a<br>of a Cloudy<br>oria Delgado<br>ity), Manuel | orovide a com<br>active galactic<br>workshop led<br>Inglada (IA-U<br>Pelmbert (IA- | prehensive, state-<br>nuclei, to an audie<br>by Gary Ferland. T<br>JNAM), Gary Ferlar | of-the-art, hand<br>ence of up to 40<br>The second wee<br>nd (University of | is-on<br>) young<br>k will delve<br>if |
| Setting started with Cloudy   |   |   |  |   |   |  |
| The VideoPage has a video showing how to build and run Cloudy.  |   |   |  |   |   |  |
| StepByStep instructions for downloading and installing the release  | version,  | and running   | the code on  | various platforms.  |   |  |
| Or you can go straight to the DownloadLinks page.   |   |   |  |   |   |  |
| StellarAtmospheres in Cloudy are now very flexible. They are descr  | ibed on   | this web site   | e rather than i  | n Hazy.   |   |  |
| KnownProblems are described on this page.   |   |   |  |   |   |  |
| HotFixes are small corrections to the source that fix problems disco  | wered a   | fter the curn   | ent stable ver   | sion was released.  |   |  |
|   |   |   | 1.44.00  | ://www.r  | l.1   |  |

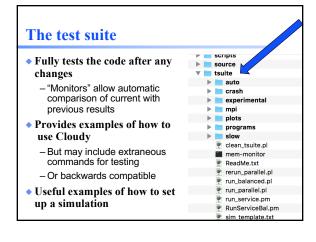


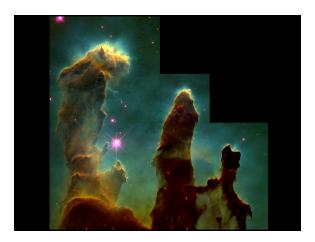


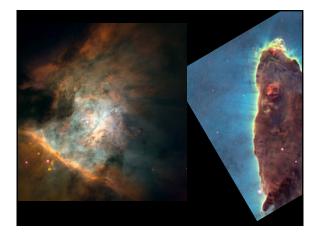


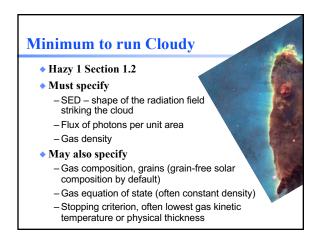
| Conversations Decision Photos Files Decision About More V   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Topics Messages   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calculated emissivities to<br>Sorry, correction: the grid line is grid<br>are too low. I am attempting to attact<br>gardnerc413 * 2 posts - 8:19 PM | 8000.40000 1000 linear We seem to get good results, but the magnitudes<br>h a .png |  |  |  |  |
| Introducing Gaussian noise to<br>Section 3.3 of the 2013 release pape<br>to some parameters. I'd like to apply<br>t_i_cooper * 1 post * 2:56 PM     | er states that the code includes the ability to randomly add Gaussian noise        |  |  |  |  |
| Level populations<br>Dear Prof. Ferland, Many thanks for<br>Tamara.<br>ermolaeva.gao * 4 posts - Jun 13   | the reply. I'll look forward to the next version Cloudy. Best regards,             |  |  |  |  |
| Simulation warning: Transfer<br>Thank you again for the explanation<br>vital.fernandez · 3 posts - Jun 9  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sill is not ionized by increasin<br>Dear all, I have constructed a series<br>= -5 vary grid range from -5 to 2 ste                                  | of Cloudy models using the following script: hden 2.0 ionization parameter         |  |  |  |  |





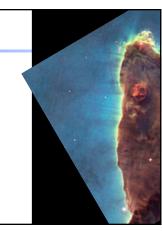


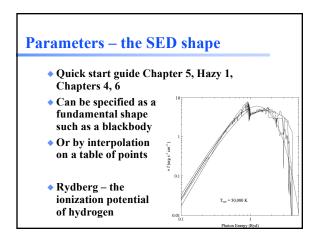




# Let's model a ...

- Relatively dense,  $n_{\rm H} = 10^4 \, {\rm cm}^{-3}$
- ISM cloud
- Ionized by an O6 star



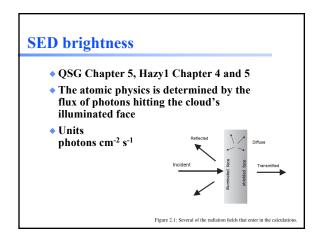


| Calculated Strömgren radii as function of spectral types spheres |                  |                |                                       | AGN3  |   |                                      |
|--|------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Spectral type  | <i>T</i> <b></b> | M <sub>V</sub> | log Q(H <sup>0</sup> )<br>(photons/s) | $log n_e n_p r_1^3$<br>n in cm <sup>-3</sup> ;<br>$r_1$ in pc | $log n_e n_p r_1^3$<br>n in cm <sup>-3</sup> ;<br>r_1 in pc | $r_1 (pc)$ $n_e = n_p$ $= 1 cm^{-3}$ |
| 03 V   | 51,200           | -5.78          | 49.87                                 | 49.18   | 6.26  | 122                                  |
| 04 V   | 48,700           | -5.55          | 49.70                                 | 48.99   | 6.09  | 107                                  |
| O4.5 V   | 47,400           | -5.44          | 49.61                                 | 48.90   | 6.00  | 100                                  |
| 05 V   | 46,100           | -5.33          | 49.53                                 | 48.81   | 5.92  | 94                                   |
| 05.5 V   | 44,800           | -5.22          | 49.43                                 | 48.72   | 5.82  | 87                                   |
| 06 V   | 43,600           | -5.11          | 49.34                                 | 48.61   | 5.73  | 81                                   |
| 06.5 V   | 42,300           | -4.99          | 49.23                                 | 48.49   | 5.62  | 75                                   |
| 07 V   | 41,000           | -4.88          | 49.12                                 | 48.34   | 5.51  | 69                                   |
| 07.5 V   | 39,700           | -4.77          | 49.00                                 | 48.16   | 5.39  | 63                                   |
| 08 V   | 38,400           | -4.66          | 48.87                                 | 47.92   | 5.26  | 57                                   |
| 08.5 V   | 37,200           | -4.55          | 48.72                                 | 47.63   | 5.11  | 51                                   |
| 09 V   | 35,900           | -4.43          | 48.56                                 | 47.25   | 4.95  | 45                                   |
| 09.5 V   | 34,600           | -4.32          | 48.38                                 | 46.77   | 4.77  | 39                                   |
| B0 V   | 33,300           | -4.21          | 48.16                                 | 46.23   | 4.55  | 33                                   |
| B0.5 V   | 32,000           | -4.10          | 47.90                                 | 45.69   | 4.29  | 27                                   |
| O3 III   | 50,960           | -6.09          | 49.99                                 | 49.30   | 6.38  | 134                                  |
| B0.5 III   | 30,200           | -5.31          | 48.27                                 | 45.86   | 4.66  | 36                                   |
| O3 Ia  | 50,700           | -6.4           | 50.11                                 | 49.41   | 6.50  | 147                                  |
| O9.5 Ia  | 31,200           | -6.5           | 49.17                                 | 47.17   | 5.56  | 71                                   |

| Command deck to do this                |  |
|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Blackbody 4.36e4 K</li> </ul> |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

# **Commands – Hazy1 Chap 3**

- Free format keywords and numbers
- Commands end with empty line or \*\*\*\*\*
- Many numbers are logs, check Hazy1 carefully

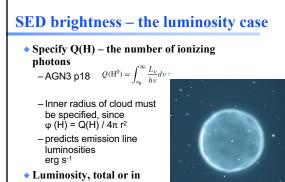


# **SED brightness**

- QSG Chapter 5, Hazy1 Chapter 4 and 5
- Luminosity case
  - Specify total photon luminosity
  - Predict line luminosities

#### Intensity case

- In a resolved source, often work with surface brightness, or line intensity
- Specify flux of photons striking cloud, predict emission per unit volume



H-ionizing radiation, can be set instead



| Calculated Strömgren radii as function of spectral types spheres |                       |                |                                       | AGN3  |   |                                      |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Spectral type  | <i>T</i> <b>*</b> (K) | M <sub>V</sub> | log Q(H <sup>0</sup> )<br>(photons/s) | $log n_e n_p r_1^3$<br>n in cm <sup>-3</sup> ;<br>r_1 in pc | $log n_e n_p r_1^3$<br>n in cm <sup>-3</sup> ;<br>$r_1$ in pc | $r_1 (pc)$ $n_e = n_p$ $= 1 cm^{-3}$ |
| 03 V   | 51,200                | -5.78          | 49.87                                 | 49.18   | 6.26  | 122                                  |
| 04 V   | 48,700                | -5.55          | 49.70                                 | 48.99   | 6.09  | 107                                  |
| O4.5 V   | 47,400                | -5.44          | 49.61                                 | 48.90   | 6.00  | 100                                  |
| 05 V   | 46,100                | -5.33          | 49.53                                 | 48.81   | 5.92  | 94                                   |
| O5.5 V   | 44,800                | -5.22          | 49.43                                 | 48.72   | 5.82  | 87                                   |
| 06 V   | 43,600                | -5.11          | 49.34                                 | 48.61   | 5.73  | 81                                   |
| O6.5 V   | 42,300                | -4.99          | 49.23                                 | 48.49   | 5.62  | 75                                   |
| 07 V   | 41,000                | -4.88          | 49.12                                 | 48.34   | 5.51  | 69                                   |
| 07.5 V   | 39,700                | -4.77          | 49.00                                 | 48.16   | 5.39  | 63                                   |
| 08 V   | 38,400                | -4.66          | 48.87                                 | 47.92   | 5.26  | 57                                   |
| 08.5 V   | 37,200                | -4.55          | 48.72                                 | 47.63   | 5.11  | 51                                   |
| 09 V   | 35,900                | -4.43          | 48.56                                 | 47.25   | 4.95  | 45                                   |
| 09.5 V   | 34,600                | -4.32          | 48.38                                 | 46.77   | 4.77  | 39                                   |
| B0 V   | 33,300                | -4.21          | 48.16                                 | 46.23   | 4.55  | 33                                   |
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| O3 III   | 50,960                | -6.09          | 49.99                                 | 49.30   | 6.38  | 134                                  |
| B0.5 III   | 30,200                | -5.31          | 48.27                                 | 45.86   | 4.66  | 36                                   |
| O3 Ia  | 50,700                | -6.4           | 50.11                                 | 49.41   | 6.50  | 147                                  |
| O9.5 Ia  | 31,200                | -6.5           | 49.17                                 | 47.17   | 5.56  | 71                                   |

# **Command deck to do this**

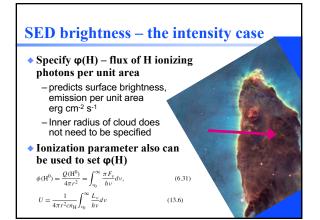
- Blackbody 4.36e4 K
- Q(H) 49.34

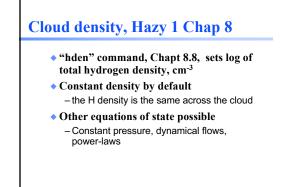
#### Radius command, Chap 9.10

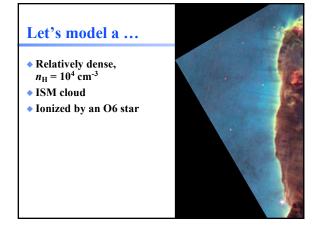
- If luminosity is set then the radius, the separation between the star and the illuminated face of the cloud, must also be specified
- Radius command
- -log radius in cm by default
- Linear, or parsecs, can be used by setting optional keywords
- Let's put our cloud 1016 cm from the star

# Command deck to do this

- Blackbody 4.3e4 K
- Q(H) 49.34
- Radius 16
- We will try different radii later

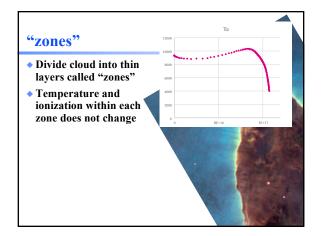


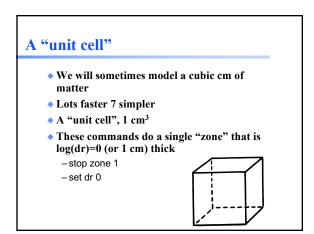




### Command deck to do this

- Blackbody 4.3e4 K
- Q(H) 49.34
- Radius 16
- Hden 4





### Command deck to do this

- Blackbody 4.3e4 K
- ◆ Q(H) 49.34
- Radius 16
- Hden 4
- stop zone 1
- 🔷 set dr 0

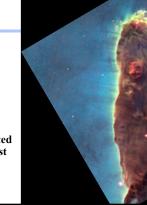
# Composition, Hazy 1 Chap 7

- Solar, no grains, by default
- Other standard mixtures possible,
- Stored in data / abundances
- The composition used is reported at the top of the main output

H: 0.0000 Me: -1.0232 Li:-10.27676 B:-10.0586 C:-3.5229 M:-4.1540 D:-3.379 Me:-4.2218 Me:-6.5229 Mg:-5.5229 Ai:-6.5093 Si:-5.3090 D:-10.7000 Ai:-5.5229 A:-5.5229 K:-5.5229 K:-5.5229 K:-5.5229 K:-5.5229 K:-7.6990 Ti:-9.2366 V:-10.0000 Cr:-8.0000 Mn:-7.6383 Fe:-5.5229 Ni:-7.0000 Cu:-8.0239 Zn:-7.6990 Grain Chemical Composition C:-3.0239 D:-3.0259 D:-3.0250 Mg:-4.5547 Fe:-4.5547 Fe:-4.5547

# Let's model a ...

- Relatively dense,  $n_{\rm H} = 10^4 \, {\rm cm}^{-3}$
- ISM cloud
- Ionized by an O6 star
- The ISM is dusty, and some elements are depleted by condensation onto dust
- Abundances ISM – Chapt 7.4.3



# Command deck to do this

- Blackbody 4.36e4 K
- Q(H) 49.34
- Radius 16
- Hden 4
- stop zone 1
- set dr 0
- Abundances ISM

### **Background cosmic rays**

- Interstellar chemistry requires a source of ionization to work
- The chemistry network will fail in unphysical ways if ionization is not present
- Galactic background cosmic rays provide this ionization in nature
- Cosmic rays background, Chapt 11.6.1

# Command deck to do this

- Blackbody 4.3e4 K
- Q(H) 49.34
- Radius 16
- Hden 4
- stop zone 1
- set dr 0
- Abundances ISM
- Cosmic rays background

### "Save" output

- Requested with various "save" commands - Hazy 1 Section 16.35 and later
- This is the main way I extract results
- Keyword to specify what to save
- Filename to set where to save it
- Set save prefix "name" - Prepends "name" to all save files

#### **Save files**

#### • Save emitted continuum "filename"

- Photon energy is Rydberg by default
- Change to microns with keyword units
- Units microns
- Save overview
  - Useful information such as gas temperature and ionization
- Save element name
  - Saves ionization of element specified

### Command deck to do this

- Set save prefix "HII"
- Blackbody 4.3e4 K
- -Q(H) 49.34
- Radius 16
- -Hden 4
- -stop zone 1
- -set dr 0
- Abundances ISM
- Cosmic rays background
- Save overview ".ovr" last no hash
- Save element hydrogen ".hyd" last no hash
- Save emitted continuum ".econ" units microns

### The "main output"

- The \*.out file created when code is executed -QSG 7.1 & Hazy 2 Chapter 1
- Gas & grain composition
- Physical conditions in first and last zone
- Emission-line spectrum
- Mean quantities

# Warnings, cautions, notes

- Cloudy is designed to be autonomous and self aware
- Generates notes, cautions, or warnings, if conditions are not appropriate.

reached. Iteration 1 of 1

Calculation stopped because MANNE Texture. Letter a state of the comparison of the c

# **Check end of output**

Cloudy ends: 1 zone, 1 iteration, 4 cautions. (single thread) ExecTime(s) 8.80 [Stop in cdMain at ../maincl.cpp:517, Cloudy exited OK]

# **Break into 6 groups, do 6 radii** • Radius -13 -15 -17 -19 -21 -23

|           | Luminosity case | Intensity case |
|-----------|-----------------|----------------|
| Unit cell | $\bigcirc$      |                |